PRODUCT: 31 bottles of "Ski Hi for Running Fits in Dogs" and 10 pamphlets entitled "Running Fits in Dogs and Ski Hi The Guaranteed Remedy—by L. L. Turner" at Monroe, N. C. Analysis of the product showed that it consisted of a hydro-alcoholic-glycerin solution containing a considerable quantity of potassium iodide, with a small amount of free iodine and probably resorcinol, flavored with methyl salicylate.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements appearing in the label of the article and in the pamphlet were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article would be effective in the prevention or treatment of the disease condition in dogs known as running fits. The article would not be effective for such purpose.

Disposition: September 27, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2046. Misbranding of Treet Tone. U. S. v. 8 Bottles and 44 Bottles of Treet Tone. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 20740. Sample No. 1544-H.)

LIBEL FILED: August 21, 1946, Southern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 3, 1946, by the Hillton Farm Feed Co., from Minneapolis, Minn.

PRODUCT: 8 gallon bottles and 44 quart bottles of *Treet Tone* at Savannah, Ga. Examination showed that the product was essentially a solution containing iron, potassium nitrate, potassium chloride, epsom salt, nux vomica, and phenolphthalein.

LABEL, IN PART: "Treet Tone Active Ingredients 55% * * * Treet Laboratories Division of Hilltop Farm Feed Co. Minneapolis 1, Minnesota."

Nature of Charge: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements on the label and in an accompanying wholesale price list were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the product would be effective as a general conditioner and tonic for run-down birds; that it would bring birds quickly out of the last stages of moult; that it was the finest poultry tonic known; that it would be efficacious to bring chicks, poults, and large birds to normal vitality rapidly, and maintain them there; that it had no equal as a builder up of any flock; and that it should always be used during and after any disease treatment. The product would be of little or no value, other than possibly being a laxative in larger doses, and it would not fulfill the promises of benefit implied and suggested in the labeling.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (e) (2), the product was fabricated from 2 or more ingredients, one of which was nux vomica, a strychnine-containing drug, and the label failed to state the name and quantity or proportion of strychnine.

DISPOSITION: September 26, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2047. Misbranding of Treet Tone and Treet Blackhead Inhibitor. U. S. v. 34
Bottles of Treet Tone and 45 Pounds of Treet Blackhead Inhibitor.
Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 20742.
Sample Nos. 50991-H, 50992-H.)

LIBEL FILED: August 23, 1946, District of South Dakota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 2, 1946, by the Hilltop Farm Feed Co., from Minneapolis, Minn.

PRODUCT: 34 1-quart bottles of Treet Tone and 45 pounds of Treet Blackhead Inhibitor at Sisseton, S. Dak.

Examination showed that the *Treet Tone* consisted essentially of a solution containing iron sulfate, potassium nitrate, potassium chloride, and epsom salt. No nux vomica alkaloids or phenolphthalein was found upon analysis.

Examination of the *Treet Blackhead Inhibitor* showed that the product consisted essentially of flour containing soybean and wheat starch, and phenothiazine.

LABEL, IN PART: (Treet Tone) "Active Ingredients * * * Nux Vomica Phenolphthalein."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Treet Tone. Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain label statements were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article would be effective as a general conditioner and tonic for rundown birds; that it would be effective when birds are badly run-down following any medicinal treatment; that it would bring them quickly out of the last stages of moult; and that Treet Medicinals have been proved in use on their Hilltop Experimental Farm. The article would be of little or no value, other than possibly as a laxative in larger doses; and it would not fulfill the promises of benefit implied and suggested. Further misbranding, Section 502 (a), the statements on the label quoted above were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article contained nux vomica and phenolphthalein, whereas it did not contain nux vomica or phenolphthalein.

Treet Bluckhead Inhibitor. Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain label statements were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article would be effective in the prevention or treatment of the disease of poultry known as blackhead; that it would give added strength and vitality to the birds; and that the article had been proved in use on the Hilltop Experimental Farm. The article would not be effective in the prevention or treatment of blackhead, and it would not be effective in giving added strength and vitality to the birds.

Disposition: September 30, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

2048. Misbranding of White's No-Blote. U. S. v. 53 Cartons of White's No-Blote. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 19898. Sample No. 27189-H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 24, 1946, District of Wyoming.

Alleged Shipment: On or about April 10, 1946, by the S & L Campbell Co., from Denver, Colo.

Product: 53 3-pound cartons of *White's No-Blote* at Wheatland, Wyo. Analysis showed that the product was an anise-flavored mixture consisting essentially of ammonium chloride, potassium chlorate, and sodium sulfate.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the carton label were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article would be effective in the treatment and prevention of bloat in sheep and cattle and in the treatment of the condition known as founder, which may accompany bloat. The article would not be effective for such purposes.

Disposition: August 20, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF FAILURE TO BEAR ACCURATE STATEMENTS OF THE QUANTITY OF THE CONTENTS*

2049. Misbranding of eye water. U. S. v. 110 Cartons of Eye Water. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 21152. Sample No. 53062-H.)

LIBEL FILED: October 15, 1946, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 17, 1946, by the J. L. Thompson Co., from Troy, N. Y.

Product: 110 cartons, each containing 12 bottles, of eye water at Cleveland, Ohio. Examination showed that the product was short-volume.

LABEL, IN PART: "Dr. Isaac Thompson's Celebrated Eye Water 1 Fl. Oz."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (b) (2), the article failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents.

Disposition: December 4, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

^{*} See also Nos. 2003, 2034.